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AGO ltr 8 Mar 1976 ; AGO ltr 8 Mar 1976

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16. C. DA ttr, 8 mar. 76

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THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE LAWS, TITLE 18, U.S.C., SECTIONS 793 AND 794. THE TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW.

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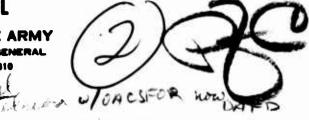


#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

Chance Cal



AGDA-A (M) (10 Sep 71) FOR-

23 September 1971

Lessons Learned, Artillery Units 72d Bn, 35th Arty, 2d Bn, 32d Arty, 5th Bn, 2d Arty, and 2d Bn, 12th

SEE DISTRIBUTION

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE LAWS, TITLE 18, U. S. C., SECTION 793 AND 794. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN

ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY Section II of reports, subject as above, are forwarded for review . evaluation in accordance with para 4b, AR 525-15.

2. The information contained in these reports is provided to insure that dessons learned during current operations are used to the benefit of future operations and may be adapted for use in developing training material.

3. Information of actions initiated as a result of your evaluation should be forwarded to the Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, ATTN: DAFD-OTT, within 90 days of receipt of this letter.

4. As Section 1 of the report is not pertinent to the Lessons Learned program it has been omitted.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

DAFD-OTT 711024

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(Distribution continued on page 2)

VERNE L'. BOWERS Major General, USA The Adjutant General

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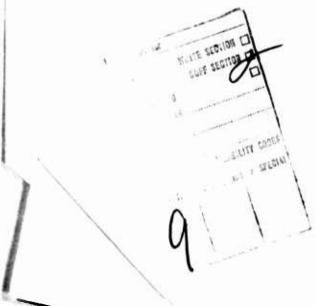
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2. Lessons Learned: Commander's Observations, Evaluations, and Recommendations.

#### a. Personnel:

- (1) OBSERVATION: That transfer of non-essential personnel from standdown/redeployed units be expedited to reduce personnel turbulence.
- (2) EVALUATION: Because the standdown/redeployment operations do not require 100% of authorised strength, the unit's personnel were divided into essential and non-essential categories. Hon-essential personnel were offered for reassignment immediately prior to the batteries withdrawing to the rear area. Gaining units were not responsive to reassignment thus contributing to increased personnel turbulence once the forward elements began arriving in the rear area. Also, immediately prior to official standdown announcement, DEROS curtailment instructions were received which required adjustments to the selected essential personnel list and, as a result, added to the personnel turbulence.
- (3) RECOMENDATION: As soon as practical after the unofficial standown announcement is made, the redeploying unit should provide a list of personnel for immediate reassignment once the subordinate element arrives in its standdown area. The gaining units must be responsive to announced EDCSA, and personnel turbulence reduced to the lowest possible level.
- (4) COMMAND ACTION: This requirement was included as a Lessons Learned in the 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery After Action Report-Keystone Robin Charlie Redeployment.
  - b. Intelligence: None
  - c. Operations:

DOWNGRADED AT 2 YEAR INTERVALS; DOCLASSIMED AFTER 12 YEARS. DOD DIR 5200.10

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DAFD-OTT 711001 Incl 1

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AVCE-Y

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Battalian, 35th Artillery Period Ending 30 April 1971 RCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

- (1) OBSENATION: At 290300 November 1970 a sapper attack was launched against Battery A, 2d Battelion, 35th Artillery at FSB Simmons (XT 579504). The following specific observations were made:
- (a) The interior guard of A/2-35 was ineffective, consisting of one man from FDC walking periodically throughout the battery area.
- (b) No security was positioned on the west side of the battery position.
- (c) Alternate means of intra-battery communications were lacking; once the land lines were disrupted the battery commander could not control the fires of the battery.
- (d) A ready reaction force deployed immediately before anyone knew what was happening or before the force was ordered to deploy.
  - (e) Most of the assigned FDC personnel were in the immediate ecofines of the FDC bunker, to include the personnel who were off duty at the time of the attack. Thus, the antire FDC capability could have been mullified if the satchel charges were more effective.
  - (f) Class IV and Class V material was stored on the western edge of the FSB, giving additional cover and concealment to the enemy's entry into the FSB.
  - (g) Friendly defensive fires were not adequately controlled once the dust-off ship reported on station, resulting in a delay of 29 minutes.
- (2) EVALUATION: At 290300 November 1970 a sapper attack was launched against Battery A, 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery at FSB Simmons (XT 579504). The sappers used the usual techniques of placing bamboo to shore up the wire, wire cutting with essentially noiseless wirecuttors, tying off trip flares to prevent their detonation and using RPG and satchel charges as their offensive weapons. Three sappers entered the FSB through a lightly guarded wire burrier on the western side of the base; this portion of wire could not be observed because of a depression in the terrain. Once inside the position area, the sappers moved into the vicinity of the FDC and hurled 2 plastic satchel charges into the FDC bunker resulting in one FADAC damaged, disruption of all land line communications, dustruction of plotting equipment and wounding 5 FDC personnel. Since there were no other breaches in the wire, it appears that the sappers intended to exit by the same route. Once the charges in the FDC exploded, the entire battery was alerted of the attack. Several RPG rounds then impacted inside the perimeter. one of which is believed to have killed one of the sappers and wounded a second. With the personnel on the perimeter elerted, 5 additional suppers wore killed in the ensuing defensive fires; a crew of three sappors armed with a RPG launcher and a supply of RPG rounds were killed while trying to approach the position from the north with the obvious mission of destroying nearby howitzers; the others were killed on their attempt to exit the bettery

AVGE-Y

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SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery Period Ending 30 April 1971 RCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

position. Upon the initiative of the chiefs of section, the howitsers began firing their defensive fires in response to RPG indirect fire. The ready reaction force that quickly formed deployed prior to receiving an order to do so. Lastly, the 5 US WIA were dusted-off at 0357 hours, although the dust-off ship reported on station at 0326 hours. After ehecking in with the battery the dust-off ship made one pass to land but a howitser fired a round and the pilot aborted thinking it was incoming artillery. On the next pass a flare was fired in the vicinity of the approaching aircraft and the pilot was temporarily blinded. Finally, all defensive fires were stopped and the pilot landed to pick-up the wounded personnel.

#### (3) RECOMMENDATIONS:

- (a) Batteries must have interior guards overlooking vital installations and sleeping bunkers, in addition to stationary guards ut each howitzer section.
- (b) Perimeter wire must be emplaced as specified by dectrine. Moreover, the perimeter wire must be inspected daily and improved as the situation dictates.
- (c) Alternate means of intra-battery communications must be installed and checked daily.
- (d) Reedy reaction force must be instructed to deploy on order of the battery commander or his representative.
- (e) Off duty FDC personnel must have sleeping bunkers that are separated from the FDC by a physical barrier or by an appropriate distance.
- (f) Class IV and Class V material must be stored within the perimeter in such a way to deny the sappers cover and concealment as they attempt to breach the perimeter, yet positioned for troop safety.
- (g) Batteries must develop and periodically rehourse plans to counter supper attacks.
- (h) FSB Commanders must have positive control of the defensive fires. Once a dust-off pilot is cleared for his approach into the position, he should not be forced to abort due to friendly firing.
- (4) COMMAND ACTION: A interim Operational Report Lessons Learned was published by 23d Artillery Group concerning the suppor attack against FSB Simmons on 29 November 1970. The report was disseminated immediately to all units throughout 23d Artillery Group.
  - d. Organisation: None

AVGE-Y

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Buttalion, 35th Artillery Period Ending 30 April 1971 RCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

e. Training: None

#### f. Logistics:

- (1) Administrative support requirements.
- (a) OBSERVATION: When a large standdown/redeployment troop list is published, it is essential that TOTE items be deadlined for processing as soon as feasible. Equipment and vehicle support is required when processing TOTE items.
- (b) EVALUATION: Equipment and vehicle support requirements were submitted early in the initial standdown phase but were not available to support the operation.
- (c) RECOMMENDATION: Administrative support must be predetermined and available to facilitate the unit's operation. Required items should be obtained from depot stock or from Keystone resources on a temperary loan basis by the parent organization and hand receipted to the standdown/redeploying unit.
- (d) COMMAND ACTION: This requirement was included as a Lessons Learned in the 2d Buttalion, 35th Artillery After Action Report-Keystone Robin Charlie Redeployment.
  - (2) Property Book Officer for Equipment Escort Detachment.
- (a) OBSERVATION: Control and accountability for all TOSE being redeployed must be obtained at the earliest possible date.
- (b) EVALUATION: Six days prior to redeployment, the unit must provide a list of TO&E shortages to the gaining command. These items must be thoroughly inventoried early in the standdown phase to facilitate packing operations.
- (c) RECOMMENDATION: A property book officer must be appointed in sufficient time to allow him to become familiar with the TOKE of the unit. This will greatly enhance the accountability inspection which is used to determine the required shortage list.
- (d) COMMAND ACTION: This requirement was included as a Lessons Learned in the 2d Battalion 35th Artillery After Action Report-Keystone Robin Charlie Redeployment.
  - g. Communications. None
  - h. Material. None.

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AVCE-Y

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Buttolion, 35th Artillery Period Ending 30 April 1971 RCS CSFCR-65 (R3)

i. Other. The impact of weather and weather support forecasting was not a major factor in the planning of operations during the reporting period.

MOODY E. HAYES

LTC, FA Commanding

#### DISTRIBUTION

2 cys: USARPAC, ATTW: CPOP-DT 3 cys: USARV, ATTW: AVHDO-DO 5 cys: 23d ARTY CP, ATTW: AVGE-C 9

AWGE-C (6 Mar 71) 1st Ind
SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Battalion, 35th
Artillery for Period Ending 30 April 1971. RCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

DA, HEADQUARTERS, 23D ARTILLERY GROUP, APO 96266

TO: Commanding General, Third Regional Assistance Command, ATO 96266

- 1. This headquarters has reviewed the semi-annual report of the 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery and concurs in its content with the following exception.
- 2. Non-concur with paragraph 2f(1), Administrative support requirements. Temporary loan of equipment and vehicles from depot stock or from Keystone resources will only add to the maintenance and control requirements of the unit when it cannot afford an additional burden. This type of support can and has been provided to stand down/redeploying units during the latter stages of processing on an as-required basis. This mission support is normally provided by 23d Artillery Group units and Saigon Support Command to satisfy short term needs. In this manner the unit receives only necessary support and is not burdened with additional maintenance/control requirements.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

BERTRAM B. DALES

MAJ, FA Adjutant

:0

MACTR-G3PT (6 Mar 71) 2d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned of 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery, for Period Ending 30 April 1971, RCS OSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

HQ, Third Regional Assistance Command, APO San Francisco 96266 8 1 MAY 1971

THRU: Commanding General, US Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVHDO-DO, APO 96375

Gommander-In-Chief, US Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96538

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C. 20310

- 1. (U) This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report Lessons Learned for the period ending 30 April 1971 from Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery.
- 2. (U) Comment follows: Reference item concerning administrative support requirements, page 5, para 2f (1), this headquarters supports the non-concurrance of HQ, 23d Arty Gp.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

ROBERT F. CARRELL LTC, AGC Adjutant General

Wester Pro

AVHDO-DO (6 Mar 71) 3d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery Period Ending 30 April 1971 BCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

Headquarters, United States Army Vietnam, APO San Francisco 96375 T MIN 1971

TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-FD, APO 96558

This Headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the period ending 30 April 1971 from Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery and concurs with comments of indorsing headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

CPT. AGC

Amintont Adjutant General

Cy furni TRAC GPOP-FD (6 Mar 71) 4th Ind (U)
SUBJECT: Operational Report-Lessons Learned, 2d Battalion,
35th Artillery, Period Ending 30 April 1971,
RCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 23 JUN 1971

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

L.M. OZAKI

CPT, AGC

Asst AG

- 2. (C) Lessons learned: Commander's Observations, Evaluations, and Recommendations
  - a. Personnel: None
  - b. Intelligence:
    - (1) Unattended Ground Sensors.
- (a) <u>Observation</u>: Due to the reduction of both US ground forces and the number of automatic weapons located at each F3B, a greater emphasis was placed on the early detection of enemy forces by magnetic and seismic intrusion devices.
- (b) Evaluation: Since the withdrawal of US ground forces from FSB Katum in December, patrolling activity in that area has been limited to that performed by the 6th Ranger Group. In order to provide early warning and a greator reaction time, seismic intrusion devices (GSIDs) were requested and employed around the perimeter of that FSB. Subsequently, as more sensors became available, complete coverage was extended to each FSB occupied by a firing battery within this battalion. The worth of those sensors was demonstrated on the ovening of 30 March 1971 at FSB Languard. Early in the evening, movement was detected by MINISIDS located outside the porimeter wire. The area was engaged; however, during the engagement, a firing incident occurred which resulted in ARVN ensurities. later that evening, another activation was recorded, but fear of a repeated incident delayed engagement of the activation. At approximately 310430 Murch 1971, the FSB recoived a sapper attack from the same direction of both activations. A captured suppor disclosed that both activations had been his unit and that the engagement of the first activation had wounded three support and caused the unit to withdraw and regroup. If the second activation had been engaged, the suppor attack may have been stopped again. Since that time, magnetic intrusion devices have been added to confirm the seismic activations,
- (c) <u>Recommendations</u>: That more sensor strings capable of being monitored by a protatic from a central location be authorized and employed for PSB security to allow greater depth.
- (d) <u>Command Action</u>: All firing units that employ unattended ground sensors have been instructed to engage all properly cleared sensor activations.

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50 April 1971

5UBJECT: Operational Report - Lossons Learned (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery)

Feriod ending 30 April 1971, RCS CSFOR 65 (R3)

- (2) CGR-III Radar.
- (a) Observation: The experimental Camp Sentinel Radar III provides excellent area surveillance during the hours of darkness.
- (b) Evaluation: The CSR-III Radar was initially employed at FSB Phu Dong II on 10 February 1971 and later at FSB Lanyard on 31 March 1971. This radar has been effective in confirming sensor activations, detecting movement in dense vegetation, alerting guard manned starlight scopes as to location of possible enemy movement, and denying the enemy use of natural camouflage. Targets have been detected between 100 to 1400 meters from the perimeter of the FSB's. When the close range at which some targets were detected prevented the use of artillery, M-79 grenades and .50 caliber fire from the Quads were placed on the target. This type of engagement has proved effective in some cases, however, say 81mm mortar fire would have been more appropriate in most instances. Some difficulties were initially experienced in the activations recorded by the radar, in that it was very difficult for the operators to distinguish between animal and personnel activations. When initially deployed at FSB Phu Dong II, a voluminous number of activations were recorded in and around the garbage dump which were duly engaged by the organic weapons of the battery. In an effort to determine the nature of these activations, an area around the dump was cleared and the ground smoothed to indicate foot or track prints. That night, the area was again very active according to the radar. The next morning, numerous animal tracks were found in the area. This, however, does not detract from the value of the radar. On numerous occasions, activations were recorded, the area engaged with an appropriate weapon system, and upon a search of the area the following morning, foot prints and blood trails have been found. As a case in point, one such engagement and search revealed a partially buried unfuzed mine located on Highway QL 22 north of FSB Phu Dong II with sandal tracks and blood trails leading into the woods. We have found that with experience, operators have been able to distinguish between animal and personnel type sensings. This radar has been instrumental in the prevention of attack on both FSB Phu Dong II and FSB Lanyard.

#### (c) Recommendations:

- (1) That each fire support base located in ramote areas be equipped with a CSR-III Radar for base defense.
- (2) That each using unit be given an 81mm mortar and associated ammunition, to include VT fuzes, to be employed against close-in targets.
- (d) Command Action: This unit is currently attempting to obtain 81mm morter for each of its firing batteries.
  - c. Operations.
    - (1) Support of ARVN Operations.
      - (a) Observation: The apparent reluctance of the ARVN to utilize

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30 April 1971 SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned (2d Battalion, 32d Artillory) Poriod onding 30 April 1971, RCS CSFOR 65 (R3)

hoavy artillery for "close in" support was noted on several occasions during the reporting period.

- (b) Evaluation: The firepower and shock effects of heavy artillery make it well suited for support of ground forces. Due to the large re-deployment of US ground forces within 12-3 during the reporting period, the vast amjority of the fires delivered by this bettalien have been for ARVN forces operating in Cambodin; however, most of these fires have been unobserved and delivered against intelligence targets developed by the battalien's higher headquarters. Very few of the rissions indicated in paragraph 1c(26) have been for "close in" support of ARVN forces.
- (c) Recommendation: In order to gain the ARVN's confidence in heavy artillary, we have instructed our limison officers and fire direction officors in particular when co-located with an ARVN unit, to strive to familiarise the ARVN with the cambilities and limitations of heavy artillery. Personal tours of our FSBs, having the ARVN ground commander adjust the heavy artillery and witness its effect, and repeated voluntoering to support a particular ARVN operation are a number of the nethods utilised to overcome this problem.
  - Organisation: None
  - ٥. Logistics: None
  - f. Communications: None
  - Materiol: None
  - Other: None

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m Rulitaku M. R. WHITAKER LTC, PA Commanding

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AVGE-C (30 Apr 71) 1st Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery for the Period Ending 30 April 1971. RCS CSFOR (R3)

DA, HEADQUARTERS, 23D ARTILLERY GROUP, APO 96266 1 9 MAY 1971

TO: Commanding General, Third Regional Assistance Command, APO 96266

This headquarters has reviewed the semi-annual Operational Report -Lessons Learned of the 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery and concurs with operations and lessons learned during the reporting period.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

BERTRAM B. DALES

MAJ, FA Adjutant MACTR-G3PT (30 Apr 71) 2d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned-of 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery for Period Ending 30 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

HQ, Third Regional Assistance Command, APO San Francisco 96266 2 MAY 1971

THRU: Commanding General, US Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVHDO-DO, APO 96375

Commander-In-Chief, US Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96538

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C. 20310

1. (U) This headquarters has reviewed and concurs with the Operational Report - Lessons Learned for the quarterly period ending 30 April 1971 from Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

TA ROBERT F. CARRELL Mei. ALC LTC, AGC Adjutant General A

AVHDO-DO (30 April 71) 3rd Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Learned (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery) Period ending 30 April 1971, RCS CSFOR 65 (R3)

Headquarters, United States Army Vietnam, APO San Francisco 96375 7 JUN 1971

TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-FD, APO 96558

This Headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the period ending 30 April 1971 from Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery and concurs with comments of indorsing headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Assistant Adjutant General

2d Bn, 32d Arty

Cy furn:

GPOP-FD (30 Apr 71) 4th Ind (U)
SUBJECT: Operational Report-Lessons Learned (2d Battalion,
32d Artillery) Period Ending 30 April 1971,
RCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 23 JUN 1971

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

L.M. OZAKI CPT, AGC Asst AG

#### Organisational Structure

#### 1. Organic Units

- as Hendquarters and Hendquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery
- b. Battery A, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery
- c. Battory B, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery
- d. Battory C, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery
- e. Sorvice Battery, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery

#### 2. Attached Units

- a. 5 M-55 (Quad 50) machine guns from "D" Battery, 71st Artillery are attached for operational control and common logistical support.
  - b. CSR-III experimental radar is attached for common logistical support.
- c. Integrated Observation System (IOS) is attached for common logistical support.

- 2. (C) LESSONS LEARNED: COMMANDER'S OBSERVATION, EVALUATIONS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS:
  - (a) Personnel:
  - (1) Battalion Drug Amnesty Program
- (a) OBSERVATION: The Drug Rehabilitation Program established by this Battalion in conjunction with the 2d Brigade, 25th Infantry Division, has produced some significant lessons learned.
- (b) EVALUATION: During the period 1 November 1970 to 26 April 1971, the Battalian became involved in the drug amnesty program. Fifty-two patients were seen during this time, all physically addicted to heroin. Initially, patients were sent to the Pioneer House at II FFORGEV. Subsequently a rehabilitation facility was developed at Camp Frenzell Jones in conjunction with the 2d Brigade, 25th Infantry Division. During the administration of the program several areas became annarent:
- 1. The best counselors for the program are non-ex-addict enlisted man, with some college-level training in the social and behavioral sciences, who are motivated to work in the program. Experience has shown that using exaddicts is frequently unsuccessful, as many of these men return to the use of heroin while serving as counselors, thus defeating the purpose of the program.
- 2. The majority of men who became addicted to heroin in Vietnam did not use heroin in the states, although many experimented with marijuana, LSD, amphetamines, and/or barbiturates.
- 2. Although the majority of men seeking help through the program are motivated and successfully undergo detexification (physical withdrawnl), up to 80% of them return to the use of heroin. They attribute this to three things:
- g. Continued craving for the drug (psychological addiction), which lasts from weeks to months.
- b. Peer Pressure: When they return to their unit, many of their friends are still using heroin and encourage them to join them.
  - g. Recognised lack of an efficient means of legal drug suppression. The

DAFD-OTT 711002 Incl 3

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DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS; DOCLASSINID AFTER 12 YEARS. DOD DER 5300.10

26 April 1971

27 For the Period Ending 26 April 1971, RCJ CSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

Experity of addicts interviewed have stated that the only way to stop the widering let use of heroin among 12 troops in Vietnam is to legally identify all use a linear is no officially sanctioned, effective method of doing this at the present time. A urine test for heroin is available which, if use on a large-scale unannounced basis, would identify all herein users. They could then be deed with medically and/or administratively. Until such a microsed is a content, it appears that dealing with the drug problem on a purely voluntary, medical basis will continue to be unsuccessful.

- (a) RECOMMENDATION: That more attention be given to the internal election of the Drug Amnesty Programs, where non-ex-addints enlisted to a secured as countelors, and that necessary means are devised to leading and timely admitify those persons who are addicts or potential addicts of leading.
  - h. Ital ligande: None

merations:

- (1) Employment of the 23-inch xenon searchlight in interdiction operations alone a river bank or waterway.
- (A) OBJERVATION: The use of searchlights in the infrared mode after a same for interdiction operations is ineffective.
- (%) EVALUATION: During the period 18 November 1970 through 15 December 1970, two searchlights from Battery I (SLT) 2d Battalion, 29th Artillery, and on 5th Battalion (AW)(SP) 2d Artillery, were employed in an interdiction open with the 12th Armored Cavalry Regiment along the Song Dong Nai River. The searchlight is were deployed at ambush points with M113 tracks of the supported unit. It was discovered during this operation that the xenon searchlight used in the infrared mode proved to be ineffective due to the weather and atmosphericalitions along the river which distorted the vision and extremely limited the range of the infrared light. In addition, the sound of the jeep motor when the inent distracts from the surprise capability of the subush.
- RECOMMENDATION: That units employing the RAMSS-3 searchlight set the aware of the limitations of the infrared mode when operating the light is county missions over water, and areas where atmospheric conditions, such as teg, degrades the capability of the infrared.
- (d) COMMAND ACTION: This limitation has been made known to units employing the lights along waterways.

AVCE-J-C
SUBJECT: Operational Report of the 5th Battalion (AW)(SP) 2d Artillery
for the Period Ending 26 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

- (2) Employment of the 23-inch menon searchlight in interdiction operations:
- (a) CBSERVATION: The use of searchlights in interdiction operations using white light has been highly successful.
- (b) EVALUATION: During the period 5 December 1970 through 3 January 1971, two searchlights were deployed on two hilltops overlooking a rice belt located between Vo Dat and FSB Dreamer. The lights was in support of a MACV Advisory Team at FSB Dreamer and elements of the 1st Cavalry Division (Air Mobile) at Vo Dat. The mission of the lights were to shine white light on call at selected and/or prodesignated points in the valley below. Their purpose was to assist in intermeption of NVA/VC in their attempt to obtain rice during the harvest. The lights proved to be highly successful in this type operation due to the range of the light and the wide and narrow beam capability. The lights were deployed above the rice field and in conjuction with radar.
- (c) RECOMMENDATIONS: The use of the searchlight in interdiction operations utilising white light and infrared (in areas where atmospheric conditions do not degrade the infrared capability) has proved to be highly successful and effective. In addition, the element of surprise adds to the effectiveness of the mission. Units employing searchlights should be made aware of the various capabilities of the AN/MSS-3 searchlight.
- (d) COMMAND ACTION: The capabilities and limitations of the searchlight have been made known to units employing the lights in support of their missions.
  - d. Organizations
- (1) Drawdown of Eattery D (MG) 71st Artillery and Battery I (SLT) 2d Battalion, 29th Artillery.
- (a) OBSERVATION: Battery D (MG) 71st Artillery and Battery I (SLT) 2d Battalion, 29th Artillery were reduced in authorised strength during Increment Pive of standsown of units in USARV.
- (b) EVALUATION: As a result of the reduction in spaces imposed each of the batteries lost their command and control and administrative personnel. In both batteries only those personnel required to form complete combat crews were retained, in addition to a minimum number of mechanics. Battery D (MG) 71st Artillery retained one-hundred and twenty-two enlisted men; twenty-four (5) man crews and two artillery mechanics. Battery I (SLT) 2d Battalion, 29th Artillery retained thirty-six enlisted men; sixteen (2) man crews and four searchlight mechanics. To alleviate the problem of command and control and administration of personnel and records, property books and equipment, the following was initated: The crews with their weapons and equipment were

AVGE-J-C 26 April 1971 SUBJECT: Operational Report of the 5th Battalion (AW)(SP) 2d Artillery for the Period Ending 26 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

attached to the Duster batteries. As the Quads and/or Searchlights changed area of operations the personnel were detached from the former battery and attached to the battery having responsibility for that area of operation. Property book records, hand receipts and clothing forms were retained by the HHB Battery Commander, who maintained accountability for property in both Battery D (NG) 71st Artillery and Battery I (SLT) 2d Battalion, 29th Artill as an additional duty. The mechanics in Battery D (MG) 71st Artillery and Battery I (SLT) 2d Battalion, 29th Artillery and the PLL of repair parts were controlled by the 5th Sattalian (AW)(SP) 2d Artillery Battalian Maintenance Section. This procedure of retaining the mechanics, FLL, and responsibility for maintenance on the tastical assets at Battalion level allowed for an adequate density of five ten vehicles, 1/4 ton vehicles, M55 mounts and searchlights, to maintain a FLL for repair parts on the equipment. This procedure was established as the Duster batteries do not have the capability of maintaining the five ton prime mover, the M55 Quad .50 and the searchlights. This system once implemented and followed through was workable. However, the system devised to control the searchlights and Quads was cumbersome and was an attempt to substitute secretingtion by several elements for command by a single individual.

- (c) RECOGNIDATION: In such a situation, responsibilities of individuals are very apt to become diffused. Since the unit is not authorised a battery commander, First Sergeant or platoon sergeant, the personnel assigned to the unit have no one individual to whom they could present their individual problems or who would look after their interests and provide them with support. and guidance. The battery lacks unit integrity and the personnel are attached to different line batteries with which they are operating. Although the battery commanders of the line batteries make a sincere and honest effort to fill the void created by a lack of command and control element in the unit, satisfactory results are not always acheived. This is due to the fact that the attachment of forty to fifty or more personnel to the line battery creates an additional burden in control, operations and adminstration on that battery, and a burden which the battery is not equipped to handle. Thus, it is recommended that during a reduction of spaces in a unit, that unit should retain its command and control element. If the control element has to be eliminated, the entire unit should be inactivated or redeployed. TOLE units are designed to perform a specific mission, to temper with the organisational structure, without an attendant analysis and restatement of the unit's mission creates severe command and management problems.
- (d) COMMAND ACTION: The detail procedures of command and control of Battery D (NG) 71st Artillery and Battery I (SLT) 2d Battalion, 29th Artillery were implemented within this command through command letters and SOP's.

11.38-3-C 26 April 1971 SUBJECT. Operational Report of the 5th Battalion (AW)(SP) 2d Artillery for the Period Ending 26 April 1971, BCS CSPOR-65 (R3) (U)

- (e) TRAINING: None
- (f) LOGISTICS: None
- (g) COMMUNICATIONS: None
- (h) MATERIAL: None
- (i) OTHER: None

Commanding

4 Incl

DISTRIBUTION:

2 - USARPAC; ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558 3 - USARV; ATTN: AVHDO-DO, APO 96375

- 23d Arty Gp; ATTN: AVGB-C APO 96266

1 - Bn File

29

AVGE-C (26 Apr 71) 1st Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned

DA, HQ, 23D ARTILLERY GROUP, APO 96266

T MAY 1971

TO: Commanding General, Third Regional Assistance Command, APO 96266

This headquarters has reviewed the semi-annual Operational Report - Lessons Learned of the 5th Battalion (AW)(SP), 2d Artillery and concurs with operations and lessons learned during the reporting period.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

BERTRAM B. DALES

MAJ, FA Adjutant

30.

MACTR-G3PT (26 Apr 71) 2d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned of 5th Battalion (AW) (SP), 2d Artillery, for Period Ending 26 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

HQ, Third Regional Assistance Command, APO San Francisco 96266 2 JUN 1971

THRU: Commanding General, US Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVHDO-DO, APO 96375

Commander-In-Chief, US Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96538

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C. 20310

(U) This headquarters has reviewed and concurs with the Operational Report - Lessons Learned for the period ending 30 April 1971 from Headquarters, 5th Battalion (AW) (SP), 2d Artillery.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

FIROBERT F. CARRELL

T'ETC, AGC

Adjutant General

AVHDO-DO (26 Apr 71) 3d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report of the 5th Battalion (AW)(SP) 2d Artillery for the Period Ending 26 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

Headquarters, United States Army Vietnam, APO San Francisco 96375 22 JUN 1971

- TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-FD, APO 96558
- 1. This Headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the period ending 26 April 1971 from Headquarters, 5th Battalion (AW) (SP) 2d Artillery.
- 2. Reference item concerning "Battalion Drug Ammesty Program," page 21, paragraph 2a(1): Concur. The recommendations presented are being studied by USARV.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

CPT. INF.

Acting Asst Adjutant General

Cy furn: 5/2d Arty TRAC GPOP-FD (26 Apr 71) 4th Ind (U)

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned of 5th Bn (AW) 2d Arty, for the period ending 30 Apr 71, RCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 22 EH

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

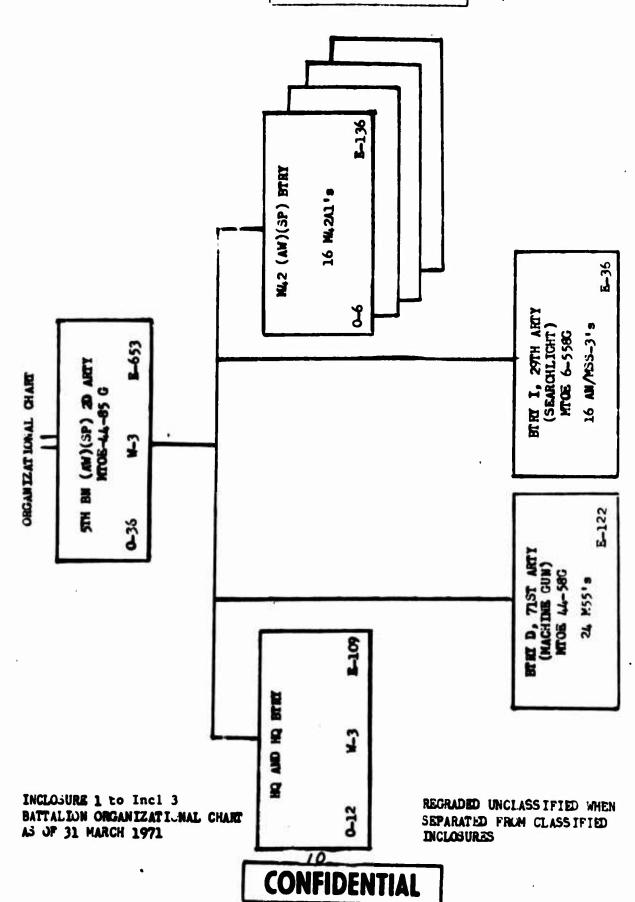
This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

L.M. OZAKI CPI, AGC

Asst AG





## DEPLOYMENT AND MISSIONS OF INDIVIDUAL UNITS OF 5TH BATTALION (AW)(SP) 2D ARTILLENY

	UNIT	Location of deployment of 31 March 1971	4.0		MISS TON			
31	ннв	Camp Frenzell Jones	YT	075120	05, 23d Arty Group			
3	Task Force							
	Alpha	Phu Loi	YT	.855160	GS, 23d Arty Group			
48	Sec 12	PSB Haymaker	XU	699221	PS, RRF, CE			
48	Sec 13	PSB Haymaker	XU	699221	PS, RRF, CE			
36	Sec 14	FSB Wade	IU	733084	PS, RRF, CE			
3	Sec 21	Phu Loi		855160	Stand Down			
3 3 3	Sec 22	Phu Loi		855160	Stand Down			
	Sec 24			855160	Stand Down			
48	Sqd 11-1/	FSB Haymaker		699221	PS, RRF, CE			
31		Camp Frensell Jones		075120	Maint Stand Down			
	Sod C-D			974291	PS .			
		Bu Dop		974291	<b>PS</b>			
	SLT 261			733084	PS			
		Camp Frenzell Jones		075120	Maint Stand Down			
	SLT 252	Camp Frensell Jones		075120	Maint Stand Down			
31	SLT 331	Camp Frenzell Jones	rr	075120	Maint Stand Down			
	Task Force		_					
•	Bravo			855160	OS, 23d Arty Group			
		PSB Lanyard		075895	PS, RRF, CE			
34	Sec 12	FSB Lanyard		075895	PS, RRF, CE			
49	Sec 13	PSB Happy		007436	PS , RRF , CE			
55	Sec 14	Phu Dong		115708	IS , RRF, CE			
35	Sec 21	Katum		333902	RS, RRF, CE			
32	3ec 22	FSB Blue	I		PS, RRF, CE			
		PSB St. Barbara		<b>2</b> 766 <b>8</b> 0 <b>333</b> 902	PS, RRF, CE PS, RRF, CE			
	Sqd 31-5			165515	RRF, CB			
	3qa 23-3	2 Tay Ninh		075895	PS, RRF, CE			
54	3qq 43-4	, FSB Lanyard 3 FSB St. Barbara		276680	PS, RRF, CE			
		Phu Dong		115708	PS, RRF, CE			
55		_		075120	Maint Stand Down			
31		f Camp Frenzell Jones Camp Frenzell Jones		075120	Maint Stand Down			
31 32		738 Blue		259290	PS			
69		FSB St. Barbare		276680	PS PS			
49		FSB Happy		007436	PS PS			
35	SLT 312			333902	PS			
2	Task For		<b>V</b>	01 61 44	CR 204 Ame Com-			
22.		Camp Price		045116	08, 23d Arty Group			
56	Sec 11	FSB Dora		251726	PS, RRF, CE			
2	Sec 12	Camp Price	IT.	045116	Stand Down			

Inclosure 2 to Incl 3



	UNIT	Location of deployment of 31 March 1971	t as	MISS ION
46	Sec 13	FSB Carmon	YS 422582	PS, RRP, CE
13	Sec 21	FSB Blackhorse	YS 445977	PS, RRP, CE
47		FSB Carol	YT 295100	PS, RRF, CE
47		FSB Carol	YT 295100	PS
31	Task Force			
	Delta	Camp Frenzell Jones	YT 075120	GS, 23d Arty Group
51	Sec 11	FSB Sylvia	2S 01 582?	PS, RRF, CE
88	Sec 12	PSB Old Ham	ZT 082000	PS, RRF, CE
89	Sec 13	FSB Margaret	YT 741291	PS, RRF, CE
89	Sec 14	PSB Margaret	YT 741 291	PS, RHF, CE
68	Sec 21	FSB Olesen	YT 657067	PS, RRF, CE
6	Sec 22	rsB Deeble	YT 950263	PS, RRF, CE
29	Sec 23	PSB Michelle	YT 285100	PS, RRF, CF.
8	Sec 24	PSB Nancy	YT 560381	PS , RRF, CE
88	Sqd 13-21	PSB Old Ham	ZT 032000	PS, RRF, CE
6	Sqd A-B	FSB Deeble	YT 950263	PS
31		Camp Frensell Jones	YT 075120	Maint Stand Down
	SLT 222	Camp Frenzell Jones	YT 075120	Maint Stand Down
31		Camp Frensell Jones	YT 075120	Maint Stand Down
8		PSB Mancy	YT 560381	PS
5	SLT 332	PSB Deeble	YT 950263	PS .
88	SLT 341	FSB Old Ham	ZT 082000	PS

Mission Key:
PS - Perimeter Security
RRF - Ready Reaction Force
CE - Convoy Escort

# STH BATTALION (AW)(SP) 2D ARTILLERY SUMMARY OF POSITIONS OCCUPIED DURIN: THE PERIOD 1 NOVEMBER 1971 - 26 APRIL 1971

1.	Duster Compound	YT 128114	44.	PSB Asper	YT 488129
2.	Camp Price	TT 045116	45.	Dong Kosi	T 091762
3.	Phu Loi	ET 665160	46.	PSB Carmon	YS 442582
ű.	Cu Chi	XT 650160	47.	FSB Carcl	YT 295100
5.	Yuan Loc	YT 474096	48.	PSB Haymaker	XU 699221
ś.	PSB Deeble	YT 950263	49.	F3B Happy	XT 007439
7.	FSB Flower	23 004,984	50.	PSB Simmons	XT 582501
ė.	FSB Nancy	YF 560381	51.	FSB Sylvia	25 015827
9.	FSB Mateel	XU 715278	52.	FSB Powder Ridge	TT 218788
1Ó.	F38 Nace	YT 627111	53.	FSB Clare	YT 820453
11.	Nui. Dat	¥3 433667	54.	FSB Sugannah	Y3 495985
12.	PSB Lynch	Y3 458636	55.	Phu Dong	XT 118708
13.	FSB Blackhorse	YS 445977	56.	FSB Dore	TS 251752
14.	PSB Nance	YS 125895	57.	Lai Khe	XT 761377
15.	FSB Schwarts	YS 380991	58.	PSB Striker	YS 813966
16.	Mha Be	<b>33</b> 920820	59.	Bearcat	TS 163001
17.	Tan An Bridge	X3 656583	60.	Vo Dat	YT 721341
18.	Ben Luc Bridge	XS 617759	61.	PSB Heidi	YT 510052
19.	Phu Guong Bridge	XT 608137		PSB Rivers	TS 101872
20.	PSB Aries	IT 515665		PSB Libby	TU 535338
21.	PSR Ha No	TU 022342	64.	FSB Alpha	- XU 568215
22.	Phuoc Vinh	XT 985490	65.	P3B Williams	XT 956726
23.	LZ Buttons	TU 140070	66.	P3B Sunday Punch	TU 395477
24.	Duc Phong	TU 436048	67.	PSB Green	TT 334784
25.	PSB Smufty	YU 336362	68.	PSB Olesen	YT 657067
zó.	Bu Dop	EU 974291	69.	FSB St. Barbara	XT 276680
27.	PSB Audic	TU 483295	70.	FSB Lisa	YT 510056
28.	FSB Dragonhead	TT 684.967	71.	FSB Dacus	TT 202570
29.	PSB Michelle	YT 283100	72.	PSB Gemini	YS 143856
30.	FSB Snider	ET 696195	73.	FSB Stew	TS 117956
31.	Camp Frennell-		74.	FSE Dreamer	TT 932262
J	Jones	TT 075120		FSB Jupiter	TT 493492
32.	PSB Blue	XT 258290	75. 76.	FSB Bunard	TT 270880
33.	PSS Eleenberg	IT 114495		FSB Apache	TT 737245
34.	P3B Lanyard	XT 075895	77.	FSB Beverly	Y3 458858
35.	Ketun	AT 333902	79.	758 Cheyenne	TT 962536
36.	PSB Wade	XU 733004	80.	Day Tieng	XT 494447
	PSB Sandra	ZT 049193	81.	FSB Riviers	Y3 990638
38.	PSB Silver	TT 8280,0		738 Jeanne	YU 588177
39.	Tay Ninh	XT 165515		FSB Welson	TT 032650
40.		TT 934.263	8.	FSB Custer	TT 375158
41.	P3B Buell	IT 216534	85.	IDP	TT 366262
	F3B Maries	TT 415230	86.	IDP	TT 301257
43.	PSB Custer	IT 945395	<i>57</i> .	Swi Da	XT 330575
	and otherwise.		88.	PSB 00.4 New	27 082000
Anne:	ndix 1 to Inclosure	3	89,	FSB Hargaret	TT 741291
white	ment i vo estravolta	•	14		

CONFIDENTIAL

MANUAL COMPANIES AND ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT ASSESSME

## DEPLOYMENT AND MISSIONS OF INDIVIDUAL BLEMANTS OF BATTERY D (MG) 71ST ARTILLERY

	UN ZT	Location of deployment of 1 April 1971	40		MISS ION
1	Rtry D (MG) 71st Arty	Camp Frensell Jones	YT	075120	Assigned to 23d Arty Grop
48	3ad 11-14	PSB Haymaker	n	699221	PS, RPF, CE
88	Sqd 13-21	FSB Old Ham		082000	PS, RRF, CE
36	Sqd 22-41	FSB Wade		733084	PS, RRF, CE
49 35	3qd 23-52	FSB Happy		007439	PS, RRF, CE
35	Sqd 31-54	Katum		333902	PS, RRF, CE
8	Sqd 33-34	FSB Nancy		560381	PS, RRF, CE
34	Sqd 43-44	FSB Lanyard		075895	PS, RRF, CE
1	3qd <b>53-</b> ₹	Camp Frensell Jones		075120	Maint Stand Down
32	3qd 62-63	FSB Blue		258290	PS, RRF, CE
55	Sqd 64-P	Phu Dong		118700	PS, RRF, CL
	Mt A-B	PSB Deeble		950263	PS
26	Mt C-D	Bu Dop		974291	<b>P5</b>

Mission Key:

PS - Perimeter Security RRF - Ready Reaction Force CB - Convoy Escort

Inclosure 4 to Incl 3

- 2. (C) Lassons Learned: Commander's Observation, Evaluation, Recommendations and Command Action takens
  - a. Personnel: Yone
  - b. Intelligence:
- (1) Observation: The major problem area affecting Fire Support Base Security is the lack of adequate detection devices, particularly during the hours of darkness. Individual and crew served weapons authorized under the Firing Battery TOE are adequate to repel ground attacks once detected. It is the opinion of this headquarters that perimeter lighting devices are the

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS; DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS. DOD DIR 5200.10

AVGE-R

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery, Period Ending 30 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2) (U)

best means available for detecting ground probes under conditions of poor visibility or darkness. During the reporting period, this battalion employed various illumination devices at Fire Support Bases to include:

- (a) Diesel Pots a 40mm ammunition container, filled with diesel, will burn for approximately 3 to 4 hours.
- (b) Husch Flares when detonated, a Husch Flare will burn for approximately six hours.
  - (c) Self Illumination with 155mm Howitzer Illuminating Projectiles.
  - (d) Hand flares.
  - (e) Searchlight Vehicles.
- (2) Evaluation: The employment of a continuous illuminating device, covering the entire length of the external wire system, provides an excellent detection means, discourages sappers from attempting to breech the perimeter, and raises the morale of the personnel on the Fire Support Base.
- (3) Recommendation: That lightweight, portable, battery or generator powered lighting devices be made available through the supply system, for use on Fire Support Bases.
- (4) Command Action: This battalion will begin experimenting with vehicle headlights, powered by 12v DC batteries to provide the continuous illumination required on the Fire Support Base. This battalion has also requested portable lighting devices through the supply system, however these devices were not available at the end of the reporting period.

#### c. Operations:

- (1) Observation: On 5 Dec 70, Battery B, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery replaced Battery C, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery at Fire Support Base Snuffy. Battery B had previously supported the 5th ARVN Division Artillery, and was now assigned a mission of GSR, 1st Cavalry Division (AM) Artillery. The battery immediately became involved in firing GAP (Ground and Air Preparations) missions for air mobile insertions of elements of the 5/7 Cavalry, 2d Brigade, 1st Cavalry Division (AM). The GAP mission requires extremely close coordination between the elements involved, and precise timing in firing, as the airmobile force approaches the landing zone.
- (2) Evaluation: Battery B failed to meet these standards during the firing of its first GAP mission. This obvious failure resulted from a lack of experience on the part of Key battery personnel in firing the type GAP mission required by the lst Cavalry Division (AM). Battery B had not fired this type mission prior to occupying Fire Support Base Snuffy.

AVGE-R
SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned Headquarters, 2d Battalion,
12th Artillery, Period Ending 30 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2) (U)

- (3) Recommendation: That any artillery battery, prior to or upon closing into a new position area, coordinate with the Maneuver Force Commander for simulated and live training in missions peculiar to the new location. Immediate training of this type will insure effective coordination and precise timing when fires are requested in an actual combat situation.
- (4) Command Action: This battalion has implemented the above recommendation with total success and will preclude future incidents of the type mentioned.
  - d. Organization: None
  - e. Training: None
  - f. Logistics: None
  - g. Communications: None
  - h. Materiel:
    - (1) Maintenance program for 155mm Howitser M114A1.
- (a) Observation: The 155mm Howitzers, M114Al, assigned to this battalion have experienced numerous component failures due to age, environment, and extensive use. Replacement components have been available through the supply system in sufficient time to preclude excessive maintenance down time.
- (b) Evaluation: Individual component failures often initiate a sequence of failures of major howitzer parts to include recoil systems, elevating and traversing mechanisms, brake systems, sight mounts etc. The howitzer is then unsafe to fire or move.
- (c) Recommendations: An R&R program for the M114A1 Howitzer was initiated by the 185th Maintenance Battalion on 2 Jan 1971. It is recommended that additional float M114A1 Howitzers be made available from resources of stand down units, to allow complete overhaul of all primary weapons in this battalion. This overhaul program should be completed at the earliest possible date to insure safety in firing, and successful accomplishment of the fire support mission.
- (d) Command Action: An R&R program for the M114A1 Howitzer was initiated on 2 Jan 1971. One float howitzer was made available. The float howitzer has been used however, to replace deadlined tubes at Fire Support Base locations detracting from the R&R program. Additional float weapons are required to effect successful completion of the program at the earliest possible date.

AVGE-R

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned. Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery, Period Ending 30 April 1971 RCS CSFOR-65 (R2) (U)

#### (2) Airlift Rigging Techniques

- (a) Observation: On 26 Jan 1971, during an airlift move from FSB Snuffy to FSB Sunday Punch, one of two loads of class V, cluster rigged, was dropped by a CH-47 helicopter, approximately one kilometer south of FSB Sunday Punch. The load had been inspected prior to take-off by a Pathfinder, the Battery Commander, and the Flight Engineer. It was determined to be secure for airlift by all personnel concerned.
- (b) Evaluation: The two loads had been cluster rigged, (both loads suspended from the hook on the CH-47) however, the heavier load of projectiles was suspended by a 20' sling, while the lighter load of powder was suspended by an 11' sling. Due to flight movement, the 20' sling rubbed excessively against the powder cannisters and pallets of the upperload causing the sling to deteriorste and break.
- (c) Recommendations: That when cluster rigging a double load for airlift, both loads be suspended from the aircraft by the same length sling. If it becomes necessary to utilize different length slings, the heavier load should be positioned higher than the lighter load, and the longer sling should be taped in the areas in which friction will likely develop.
- (d) Command Action: The above recommendations were immediately implemented.

1 Incl

Annex A w/d HQ DA

THOMAS P. RAVETTA

Tramas Ramette

LTC. FA

Commanding

#### DISTRIBUTION:

2 CG, USARPAC, ATTN: GPOP-DT 3 CG, USARV, ATTN: AVHDO-DO 5 CO, 23d Arty Gp, ATTN: AVGE-C AVGE-C (1 May 71) 1st Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery for Period Ending 30 April 1971. RCS CSFCR-65 (R3)

DA, HEADQUARTERS, 23D ARTILLERY GROUP, APO 96266 14 MAY 1971

TO: Commanding General, Third Regional Assistance Command, APC 96266

This headquarters has reviewed the semi-annual Operational Report - Lessons Learned of the 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery and concurs with operations and lessons learned during the reporting period.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

MAJ, FA Adjutant

MACTR-G3PT (1 May 71) 2d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery for Period Ending 30 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

HQ, Third Regional Assistance Command, APO San Francisco 96266 5 July 1974

THRU: Commanding General, US Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVHDO-DO, APO 96375

Commander-In-Chief, US Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96538

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C. 20310

- 1. (U) This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report Lessons Learned for the period ending 30 April 1971 from Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery.
- 2. (C) Comments follow:
- a. Reference item concerning lighting for Fire Support Bases, page 12, paragraph 2b; concur. Currently there are no light sets available through the supply system. However, sufficient lighting fixtures and wiring have been obtained through PDO and depot to light the 23d Arty Cp's Fire Support Bases. Generators to power the lighting systems have been issued on temporary loan from the supply depot.
- b. Reference item concerning additional float 155mm howitzers, page 14, paragraph 2h; monconcur. There are presently two 155mm howitzers, M114A1, issued as floats to support the R&R program for the two 155mm howitzer battalions in the 23d Arty Gp. The float howitzers are used to support the R&R program and to replace howitzers that cannot be immediately repaired. Using this system, the deadline rate for 155mm howitzers has been consistently below 2% and normally closer to 0%. When the float howitzer is issued, the unserviceable howitzer has all the necessary repairs completed before it is returned to the unit. In addition, the supporting unit does not have sufficient personnel or the capability to maintain more than the two float howitzers presently on hand.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

KENNETH A. PAYANT

Major, AGC

Assistant Adjutant General

47

A'HDO-DO (1 May 71) 3rd Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned. Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery, Period Ending 30 April 1971 RCS CSFOR-65 (R3) (U)

Headquarters, United States Army Vietnam, APO San Francisco 96375 15 348 1271

- TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-FD, APO 96558
- 1. This Headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the period ending 30 April 1971 from Headquarters, 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery and comments of indorsing headquarters.
- 2. Reference item concerning "Aircraft Rigging Techniques," page 15, paragraph 2h(2). Regardless of which load is on the longer sling, friction will still develop that will cause the sling to fray. TM 55-450-12 recommends using slings of equal lengths when moving cluster loads. Unit has been so advised.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

CPT. INF.

Acting Asst Adjutant General

Cy furn: 2/12th Arty TRAC GPOP-FD (1 May 71) 4th Ind (U)

SUBJECT: Operational Report-Lessons Learned, Headquarters 2d Battalion, 12th Artillery, Period Ending 30 April 1971, RCS CSFOR-65 (R3)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 1 JUL 1971

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

L.M. OZAKI CPT. AGC

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